

'-----Title-----

```
' File.....DS1620_4_fan.pbp
' Started....5/28/08
' Microcontroller used: Microchip Technology 16F88
'                         microchip.com
' PicBasic Pro Code, micro-Engineering Labs, Inc.
'                         melabs.com
```

'-----Program Description-----

```
' The program uses the Dallas DS1620 digital
' temperature device as a thermostat to:
'     * Control a 12 V fan acting as a cooling system.
' The PIC16F88:
'     * Reads the DS1620 device and displays results on an LCD.
'     * Displays positive and negative °C temperatures.
' The DS1620 measures temperatures from -55°C to +125°C
' in 0.5°C increments
```

'-----Comments-----

```
' See:
'
' http://cornerstonerobotics.
org/curriculum/lessons_year2/erii_ds1620_thermometer.pdf
'
' for a more detailed description of the application of this program.
```

'-----Includes-----

```
INCLUDE "Modedefs.bas"           ' The Mode names for SHIFTIN and
                                ' SHIFTOUT are defined in the
                                ' file MODEDEFS.BAS
```

'-----PIC Connections-----

' 16F88 Pin	Wiring
' -----	' -----
' RA0	LCD pin 11(DB4)
' RA1	LCD pin 12(DB5)
' RA2	LCD pin 13(DB6)
' RA3	LCD pin 14(DB7)
' RA4	LCD Register Select(RS)
' RB0	DS1620 RST (Pin 3)
' RB1	DS1620 DQ (Pin 1)
' RB2	DS1620 CLK (Pin 2)
' RB3	LCD Enable(E)
' Vdd	+5 V
' Vss	Ground
' MCLR	4.7K Resistor to +5 V

'-----DS1620 Connections-----

```
'      DQ (Pin 1)          PIC RB1
```

```
'      CLK (Pin 2)          PIC RB2
'      RST (Pin 3)          PIC RBO
'      GND (Pin 4)          Ground
'      TCOM (Pin 5)          To a NPN transistor switch that controls
'                           the 12 V fan
'      TLOW (Pin 6)          No Connection
'      THIGH (Pin 7)         No Connection
'      Vdd (Pin 8)           +5 V

'-----DS1620 Control Pins-----

DSRST    VAR     PORTB.0      ' Name PORTB.0 as DSRST (DS1620 Reset)
DSDQ     VAR     PORTB.1      ' Name PORTB.1 as DSDQ (DS1620 Data)
DSCLK    VAR     PORTB.2      ' Name PORTB.2 as DSCLK (DS1620 Clock)

'-----Variables-----
temp     VAR     WORD        ' WORD to store temperature variable,
                           ' temp
temp1    VAR     BYTE        ' BYTE to store 8-bit temp1

'-----Initialization-----
TRISB = 0             ' Set pins B7-B0 of PORTB as outputs
ANSEL = 0              ' Configure all pins to digital
                       ' operation since not using ADC
                       ' (Analog to Digital Converter)
OSCCON = $60           ' Sets the internal oscillator in the
                       ' 16F88 to 4 MHz

'-----Main Code-----
PAUSE 1000            ' Pause 1 second to allow LCD to setup
LOW DSRST             ' Reset the DS1620

' Main loop to read temperature from the DS1620 and then
' display it on the LCD.

start:
' Convert temperature from DS1620

DSRST = 1              ' Enable DS1620
SHIFTOUT DSDQ, DSCLK, LSBFIRST, [$ee]
                      ' Send initiate temperature conversion
                      ' command, $ee, on data pin DSDQ,
                      ' synchronized by clock pin DSCLK, shift
                      ' data out lowest bit first, LSBPRE

DSRST = 0              ' Reset the DS1620 to enable conversion
```

```
PAUSE 1000          ' Pause 1 second to complete conversion

' Read temperature from DS1620

DSRST = 1           ' Enable DS1620

SHIFTOUT DSDQ, DSCLK, LSBFIRST, [$aa]
    ' Send read command, $aa

SHIFTIN DSDQ, DSCLK, LSBPRE, [temp\9]
    ' Read 9-bit temperature.
    ' Shifts in 9 bits of variable temp,
    ' [temp\9], on data pin DSDQ,
    ' synchronized by clock pin DSCLK,
    ' shift data in lowest bit first,
    ' LSBPRE

DSRST = 0           ' Reset the DS1620

' Check to see if temp is below 0°C

IF temp > $0191 THEN print_temp_below_zero

' Display temperature as a decimal

LCDOUT $fe, 1, DEC (temp >> 1), ".", DEC (temp.0*5), " Degrees C"

    ' Shift temp to right one position,(temp >> 1),
    ' to display the integer portion of temp then
    ' multiply bit 0 of temp by 5 (temp.0*5) to
    ' display decimal portion of temp.
    ' The bit temp.0 is either a 0 or 1,
    ' so (temp.0*5) is either 0 or 5 proceeded
    ' by a decimal from the entry .

GOTO start          ' Jumps to loop label, starts all over

print_temp_below_zero:

' Express temp in the 2's complement form:

temp1 = ~ temp + 1  ' temp1 is the 2's complement form of temp.
                    ' temp1 is an 8-bit variable to truncate
                    ' the upper 8-bits of the 16-bit temp.

LCDOUT $fe, 1, "-", DEC (temp1 >> 1), ".", DEC (temp1.0*5), " Degrees C"

GOTO start

END
```